Go Deep Fruit Of The Holy Spirit

All of the gifts we've already studied are for the <u>m</u> of the individuals that make up the Body of Christ. They are gifts for edifying the saints and evangelizing the sinners.
The fruit of the Spirit are what makes the Kingdom of God visible and desirable.
These are contrasted with the fruit of the <u>f</u> —Galatians 5:16-18.
Paul talked about his personal battle with this in Romans 7:7-24, and he tells us that "the acts of the sinful nature are obvious" (Galatians 5:19-21). Then Paul shares how the Holy Spirit set him free (Romans 7:25—8:9), and how this change results in fruit of the Spirit replacing fruit of the flesh (Galatians 5:22-23).
The Fruit of the Holy Spirit 1. Love
• Seeking the <u>h</u> g of another person—1 Corinthians 13.
• The opposite of love is not hate, but apathy. Agape is <u>p</u> in serving those in need.
2. JoyFeeling the n of God—Luke 10:21.
• The opposite of this is <u>d</u>
• Joy is a forerunner of p
 3. Peace The r that comes from knowing I am r to God—John 14:26-27 Romans 8:6.
• The opposite of peace is anxiety, which then robs us of joy—1 Thessalonians 5:19-24.
 4. Patience Slow to m the strong emotions of anger, discouragement, anxiety.
• Examples: Jesus (Hebrews 12:1-3) and the saints (Ephesians 4:2).

5.	 Kindness Not wanting anyone to be <u>h</u> by me—Colossians 3:12.
6.	Goodness • Zeal for t that is usually expressed in acts of k (Luke 7:37-50) and c (Matthew 21:12-13).
7.	Faithfulness • Unswerving 1 to one whom I am united to by a p —1 Timothy 6:12; 2 Timothy 4:7.
	• Remember peace comes from being reassured of God's promises, and faith is an operational gift of the Spirit.
8.	Gentleness • Restraint (patience) coupled with s and c
	• Example of Jesus—Matthew 11:28-30 vs. John 2:13-16.
9.	Self-control • M my own passions and desires—1 Timothy 3:2, 11 vs. 2 Timothy 3:2-4.
	is is an ongoing process = saint-ification(Galatians 5:23b-26) which this brings us right back here we started in Galatians 5:16.